



Earswick Neighbourhood Plan Residents Survey No 2
Draft Vision and Objectives
April 2015



The 2nd Survey

The Earswick Parish Neighbourhood Plan Working Party carried out an initial household survey during August and September 2015 to assist in the preparation of its Neighbourhood Plan. The Parish Council used the findings from the 1st survey to develop five objectives to form the draft vision of how Earswick could develop over the next 15 years.

Draft Vision

Our vision is for Earswick Village to be a desirable place to live for all residents based on its distinctive, semi-rural character and open space, safe and secure environment and community spirit.

Draft Objectives

Our Neighbourhood Plan aims to maintain and improve our distinctive 'small, green, safe and friendly village' while accommodating some modest development to support City of York Council's growth ambitions over the next 15 years. In order of importance of issues identified by you, our plan objectives are to:

1. Ensure that the village continues to be a safe and secure place in which to live;
2. Protect our open space and the landscape;
3. Seek ongoing improvements to public transport facilities, road and pathway conditions;
4. Deliver modest housing development that is sensitive to the environment, infrastructure constraints and improves the quality of life for all current and future residents;
5. Maintain and improve local facilities for all residents.

The questionnaire was produced by the Working Party and delivered to households throughout the Parish. To maintain anonymity, the completed questionnaires were collected in unmarked envelopes.

A total of 206 completed questionnaires were received within the specified time period. The number of valid returns represents an estimated 61% household response rate. A further two questionnaires were received in which the respondents stated they would not complete the survey. One considered the survey was too biased towards a minority view in the village which was opposed to development and the second that it was biased towards promoting development. The 206 completed survey responses were entered into an online survey analysis tool (survey monkey) by independent analysts.

The following section provides a summary of the key findings from the second survey.

Objective 1: Ensure that the village continues to be a safe and secure village to live in.

The following table sets out the number of responses and percentage of responses for each of the proposed Objective 1 actions:

Draft objectives/plans		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	Response Count	No Response
1.1	Construct the proposed security fencing around the open space areas and to continually monitor the security of these areas.	11.0% (22)	7.0% (14)	22.0% (44)	32.0% (64)	28.0% (56)	100.0% (200)	(6)
1.2	Consider improved security measures around the village hall to combat antisocial behaviour.	4.4% (9)	4.9% (10)	18.7% (38)	41.4% (84)	30.5% (62)	100.0% (203)	(3)
1.3	Continue to support and encourage residents to take part in the Neighbourhood Watch Scheme.	0.0% (0)	0.0% (0)	7.8% (16)	46.1% (94)	46.1% (94)	100.0% (204)	(2)
1.4	Continue to have regular dialogue with representatives of North Yorkshire Police with regard to the provision of security and to combat crime.	0.0% (0)	0.0% (0)	3.4% (7)	47.1% (96)	49.5% (101)	100.0% (204)	(2)
1.5	Ensure that any new developments implement appropriate security measures.	4.2% (8)	0.0% (0)	8.5% (16)	41.8% (79)	45.5% (86)	100.0% (189)	(17)
1.6	Work with other stakeholders to discourage unwanted cold-calling.	0.0% (0)	0.5% (1)	4.0% (8)	33.8% (68)	61.7% (124)	100.0% (201)	(5)
Residents comments (including any other detailed objectives or plans)							58	
							<i>answered question</i>	204
							<i>skipped question</i>	2

1.1 Construct the proposed security fencing around the open space areas and to continually monitor the security of these areas.

The majority 70% (120) of responses were in favour of the proposed security measures to safeguard open spaces. However, it also attracted a relatively high share of neutral 22% (44) and disagree and strongly disagree 18% (36) responses. Several respondents questioned the need for such measures and felt that security fencing around open spaces could also restrict public access. Others welcomed the notion of security fences stating they should apply to all parts of the open spaces.

1.2 Consider improved security measures around the village hall to combat antisocial behaviour

There was strong support to improve security measures around the village hall to combat anti-social behaviour with 72% (146) responses agreeing or strongly agreeing with this measure. Some 19% (38) were neutral and around 9% (19) strongly disagreed or disagreed.

1.3 Continue to support and encourage residents to take part in the Neighbourhood Watch Scheme.

92% (188) of responses agreed or strongly agreed to continue to support and encourage residents to take part in the Neighbourhood Watch Scheme. A small number (3) of residents, however, who had moved into the area over recent years were unaware of the scheme.

1.4 Continue to have regular dialogue with representatives of North Yorkshire Police with regard to the provision of security and to combat crime.

Residents placed greatest importance on continuing to have regular dialogue with representatives of North Yorkshire Police with regard to the provision of security and combatting crime with 97% (197) of responses agreeing or strongly agreeing with this objective. It had the least number of neutral responses 3% (7) and received no disagree responses.

1.5 Ensure that any new developments implement appropriate security measures.

Around 87% (165) of responses agreed or strongly agreed with this objective. Just 4.2% (8) strongly disagreed and 8.5% (16) were neutral. It is worth noting, however, that this particular objective received the least number of responses but the highest number of specific comments. The comments suggest that some residents chose not to respond to this particular objective because they are opposed to future housing and other forms of development, with some considering that if they completed this question they were supporting new development.

1.6 Work with other stakeholders to discourage unwanted cold-calling.

Residents considered that working with other stakeholders to discourage unwanted cold calling was extremely important and attracted the highest number of strongly agree responses. One respondent stated that at times cold callers had been very abusive and felt that more vulnerable people may be upset by this.

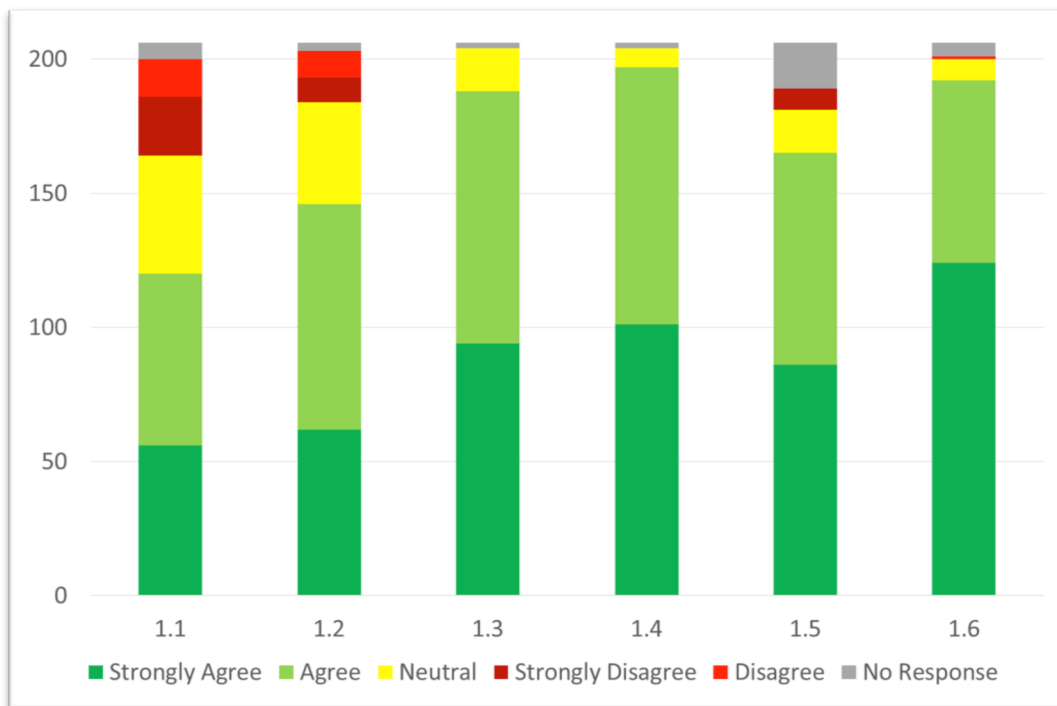
Summary

The majority of respondents agreed or strongly agreed with the six objectives relating to making sure the village continues to be a safe and secure village to live in. They were particularly keen to continue regular contact with North Yorkshire Police regarding the provision of security to combat crime and work with other stakeholders to discourage cold-calling. The importance of the Neighbourhood Watch Scheme was also acknowledged but there is a need to raise awareness as the survey reveals that some residents moving into the parish were not aware of the scheme. There are mixed feelings about the need for further fencing and security measures, as there were concerns regarding access to public areas. A

respondent also mentioned that Earswick is now in a fracking licence area and raised health and safety concerns associated with this process.

A significant number of respondents made comments concerning the importance of preserving existing green belt land and opposing future developments. Some felt the tone of the survey implied that future housing developments were likely to happen and strongly opposed this outcome and, consequently, several chose not to enter preference responses against certain development focused actions.

Figure 1 Objective 1 by response and preference



Objective 2: Protect our open space and the landscape.

The following table sets out the number of responses and percentage of responses for each of the proposed Objective 2 actions:

Draft objectives/plans		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	Response Count	No Response
2.1	Protect the unique rural character of our village.	0.0% (0)	1.0% (2)	8.3% (17)	24.4% (50)	66.3% (136)	100.0% (205)	(1)
2.2	Enhance and maintain the existing acreage of public open space.	0.0% (0)	1.0% (2)	3.9% (8)	30.4% (62)	64.7% (132)	100.0% (204)	(2)
2.3	Protect as much of the existing Green Belt.	2.0% (4)	2.0% (4)	6.5% (13)	19.0% (38)	70.5% (141)	100.0% (200)	(6)
2.4	Protect and where possible restore, create and manage existing and potential wildlife sites and habitats within the village.	0.5% (1)	0.0% (0)	4.4% (9)	27.3% (56)	67.8% (139)	100.0% (205)	(1)
2.5	Protect our existing natural distinctive landscape.	0.0% (0)	0.5% (1)	6.0% (12)	30.3% (61)	63.2% (127)	100.0% (201)	(5)
2.6	Ensure that all development proposals do not have an adverse impact on existing wildlife sites or habitats.	3.6% (7)	0.0% (0)	6.6% (13)	22.8% (45)	67.0% (132)	100.0% (197)	(9)
2.7	Ensure that all applications for development should demonstrate within their Design and Access Statements how the need to minimise any negative visual or landscape impact will be addressed in the scheme design.	4.6% (9)	0.0% (0)	2.5% (5)	30.5% (60)	62.4% (123)	100.0% (197)	(9)
2.8	Ensure that any new housing and development proposals within the Village include an environmental assessment of their potential impact on woodlands, hedgerows, ponds, streams, verges/ditches and any other geological features as well as existing open views and vistas.	4.6% (9)	0.0% (0)	4.1% (8)	27.6% (54)	63.8% (125)	100.0% (196)	(10)
2.9	Encourage the use in developments of soft landscaping to match and where possible enhance the existing natural environment.	4.1% (8)	0.5% (1)	5.7% (11)	33.5% (65)	56.2% (109)	100.0% (194)	(12)
2.10	Ensure any applications to fell significant trees must be supported by appropriate evidence.	2.0% (4)	1.0% (2)	5.9% (12)	34.2% (69)	56.9% (115)	100.0% (202)	(4)
2.11	Develop a strategy with other stakeholders on how to minimise/eradicate the fouling of our footpaths and open spaces by dogs.	1.0% (2)	0.0% (0)	2.9% (6)	32.4% (66)	63.7% (130)	100.0% (204)	(2)
Residents comments (including any other detailed objectives or plans)							70	
<i>answered question</i>							205	
<i>skipped question</i>							1	

2.1 Protect the unique rural character of our village.

Around 91% (186) of responses agreed with this statement and just 1% (2) disagreed. This objective received the highest number of neutral responses 17 (8%) within the open space and landscape protection theme.

2.2 Enhance and maintain the existing acreage of public open space.

The majority of residents were in favour of enhancing and maintaining the existing public open space with over 95% (194) of responses agreeing with this objective. Just 4% (8) were neutral and just 1% (1) disagreed.

2.3 Protect as much of the existing Green Belt.

The importance of maintaining the existing green belt was reflected by respondents and attracted the highest number of strongly agrees (71% (141)) and a further 19% (38) were in agreement. Some respondents felt the wording somewhat ambiguous and implied the go ahead to some development on the green belt.

2.4 Protect and where possible restore, create and manage existing and potential wildlife sites and habitats within the village.

Over 95% (195) of responses agreed with this statement. One respondent suggested that over intensive grass cutting on the reserve may have an adverse effect on wildlife.

2.5 Protect our existing natural distinctive landscape.

Around 94% (188) of responses agreed with the need to protect the existing natural distinctive landscape. Around 6% (12) were neutral and just one respondent disagreed with this objective.

2.6 Ensure that all development proposals do not have an adverse impact on existing wildlife sites or habitats.

Around 90% (177) of responses agreed this objective; 7% (13) were neutral and 4% (7) strongly disagreed with the sentiments of this objective. Nine people did not respond and there were several oppositions to this objective and the following three objectives as some felt that agreement implied support for future developments which was contrary to their particular views.

2.7 Ensure that all applications for development should demonstrate within their Design and Access Statements how the need to minimise any negative visual or landscape impact will be addressed in the scheme design.

Around 93% (183) of responses agreed with this objective; 3% (5) were neutral and 5% (9) strongly disagreed. Nine people did not respond to this question.

2.8 Ensure that any new housing and development proposals within the Village include an environmental assessment of their potential impact on woodlands, hedgerows, ponds, streams, verges/ditches and any other geological features as well as existing open views and vistas.

Around 91% (179) of responses agreed with this objective; 4% (8) were neutral and 5% (9) strongly disagreed. There were 10 no responses. One respondent commented *"We have a lot of bats who came to this area and therefore need to ensure habitat for them also. Riverside also needs to be maintained for the deer and voles."*

2.9 Encourage the use in developments of soft landscaping to match and where possible enhance the existing natural environment.

Around 90% (174) agreed with this objective; 6% (11) were neutral and 5% (9) disagreed. Similar concerns were received by some in relation to the wording of this question and its focus on development as stated in 2.6 to 2.9.

2.10 Ensure any applications to fell significant trees must be supported by appropriate evidence.

Around 91% (184) agreed with the need to ensure any applications to fell significant trees must be supported by the appropriate evidence. One respondent thought "justification" may be a more appropriate word rather than "evidence".

2.11 Develop a strategy with other stakeholders on how to minimise/eradicate the fouling of our footpaths and open spaces by dogs.

Over 96% (196) agreed with the need to develop a strategy with other stakeholders on how to minimise and eradicate dog fouling on footpaths and open spaces. Although the majority of respondents were keen to develop a strategy others stated that dog fouling was not a significant issue within the parish and that littering was more of a concern.

The majority of respondents endorse the objectives, which aim to protect the parish's open space and landscape. As reported in Objective 1 residents place a great deal of importance of preserving green belt and open space in the village and several are opposed to any future developments. Several respondents raised objections to the sentiments in objectives 2.6 to 2.10, especially as they felt the wording implied an acceptance of future housing development and a number chose not to respond their preferences and this is reflected in the number of responses in Figure 2.

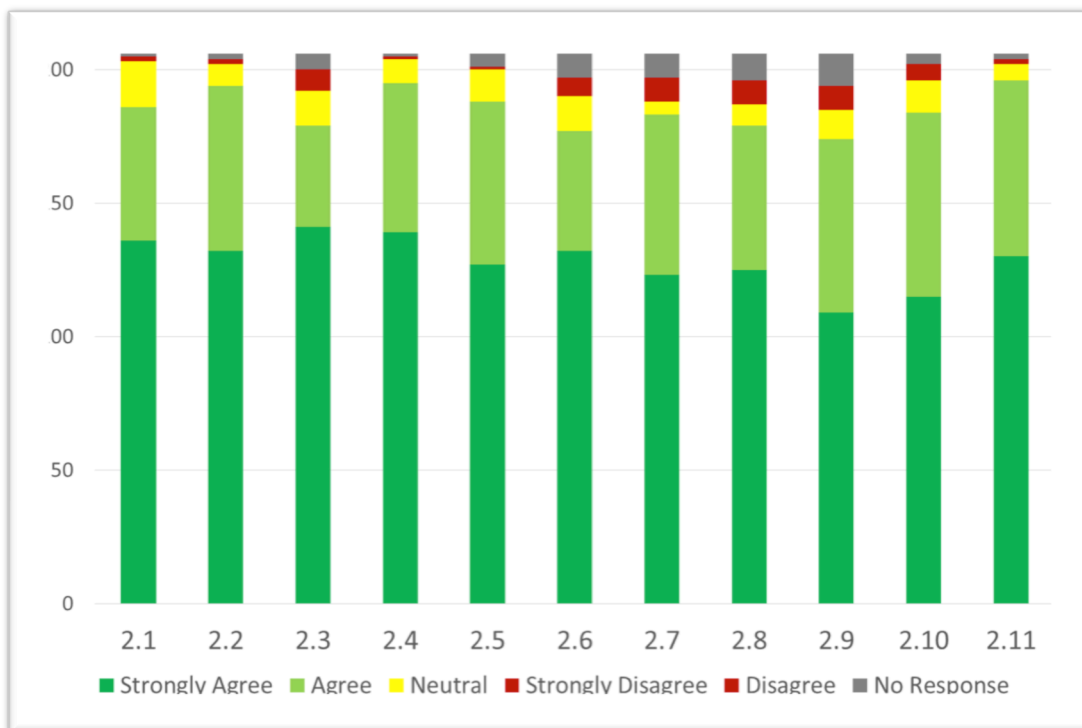
Several respondents, however, recognised the need for future housing development with many stating a preference for small developments.

One respondent commented: "We are not against future development. The above proposals are common sense, mandatory requirements."

Another commented: "Some residential development will need to be approved to accommodate our younger generation's aspirations to own their own home. We have lands available on the eastern outskirts of the village that is clay and only suitable for grazing, we believe that a small development of residential property, and a Care home and health Centre would complement the housing built over the last two decades."

The majority of residents welcome the prospect of developing a strategy to tackle dog fouling on footpaths and open spaces but several commented that most dog owners were responsible and littering may be more of an issue.

Figure 2 Objective 2: by response and preference



Objective 3: Seek ongoing improvements to transport facilities, road and pathway conditions.

The following table sets out the number of responses and percentage of responses for each of the proposed Objective 3 actions:

Draft objectives/plans		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	Response Count	No Response
3.1	Carry out a thorough review of all traffic issues within the village.	0.5% (1)	2.0% (4)	9.3% (19)	31.7% (65)	56.6% (116)	100.0% (205)	(1)
3.2	Engage with the Highways Department to discuss safer routes for pedestrians and cyclists crossing the ring road as part of the reconfiguration of the roundabout on the A1237.	0.5% (1)	1.0% (2)	2.9% (6)	24.4% (50)	71.2% (146)	100.0% (205)	(1)
3.3	Investigate ways to improve public transport by engaging with relevant stakeholders.	1.0% (2)	1.0% (2)	13.9% (28)	41.3% (83)	42.8% (86)	100.0% (201)	(5)
3.4	Explore with City of York Council the possibility of providing a cycle lane through the village to Huntington, possibly as part of the ring road improvements.	3.4% (7)	2.0% (4)	17.6% (36)	28.3% (58)	48.8% (100)	100.0% (205)	(1)
3.5	Ensure that any applications for development identify and consider the additional level of traffic that they are likely to generate. They should assess the potential impact of this traffic on pedestrians, cyclists, road safety, parking and congestion within the Village and include within their proposals measures to mitigate any adverse impact.	5.6% (11)	0.0% (0)	5.1% (10)	16.9% (33)	72.3% (141)	100.0% (195)	(11)
3.6	Ensure that any applications for development in the Village consider how they will improve safe movement of pedestrians and cyclists to the services and community facilities within the village.	5.2% (10)	1.0% (2)	7.3% (14)	27.6% (53)	58.9% (113)	100.0% (192)	(14)
Residents comments (including any other detailed objectives or plans)							87	
<i>answered question</i>							205	
<i>skipped question</i>							1	

3.1 Carry out a thorough review of all traffic issues within the village.

Around 88% (181) agreed with the need to carry out a thorough review of all traffic issues within the village. Just over 9% (19) were neutral and 2% (5) disagreed. Many respondents raised concerns about specific road safety issues, e.g. mini roundabouts, and some were worried about the current volume of traffic and how this may increase, if new housing developments occur.

3.2 Engage with the Highways Department to discuss safer routes for pedestrians and cyclists crossing the ring road as part of the reconfiguration of the roundabout on the A1237.

Around 96% (196) of people responding to this question agreed with this objective. It attracted the most 'strongly agree' responses (71% (146)) within this theme. Some respondents commented that they felt unsafe when crossing the ring road, particularly at peak travel times. Concerns regarding uneven pathways and the need for an underpass or bridge to ensure the safety of pedestrians and cyclists were received.

3.3 Investigate ways to improve public transport by engaging with relevant stakeholders.

Over 84% (169) of responses agreed with this action and around 14% (28) were neutral and 2% (4) disagreed. One respondent asked if better bus services to Clifton Moor and Monk Cross could be addressed.

3.4 Explore with City of York Council the possibility of providing a cycle lane through the village to Huntington, possibly as part of the ring road improvements.

This action attracted the highest number (36) of neutral responses (18% of total). However, over three quarters (77% (158)) agreed or strongly agreed to explore with York Council the possibility of providing a cycle lane to Huntington. One respondent said "*It would be good if Earswick could connect with the cycle path from Haxby roundabout to Clifton Moor.*"

3.5 Ensure that any applications for development identify and consider the additional level of traffic that they are likely to generate. They should assess the potential impact of this traffic on pedestrians, cyclists, road safety, parking and congestion within the Village and include within their proposals measures to mitigate any adverse impact.

Over 89% (174) of responses agreed with this proposal; 5% (10) were neutral and 6% (11) strongly disagreed. There were 11 no responses suggesting some disagreement with the development aspect of this and the following (3.6) objective.

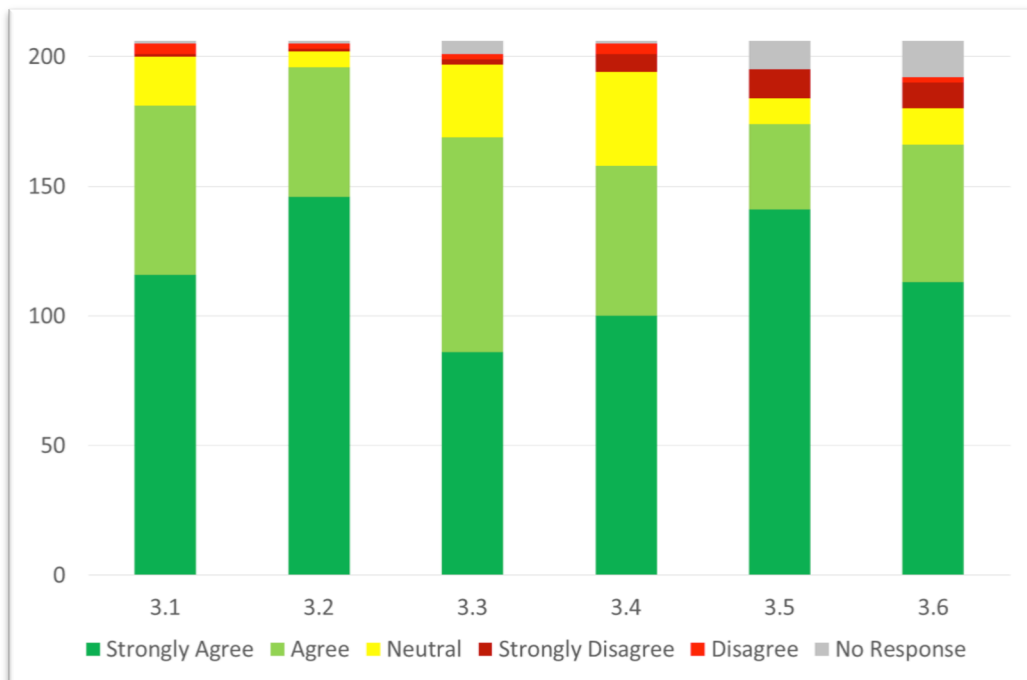
3.6 Ensure that any applications for development in the village consider how they will improve safe movement of pedestrians and cyclists to the services and community facilities within the village.

Around 87% (166) of those that responded to this agreed with this option and 7% (14) were neutral. This action received the highest proportion of 'disagree' of the Objective 3 responses (6.3% (12)). 14 people chose not to respond.

Summary

Figure 3 below shows the majority of respondents are in favour of the proposed draft actions. There is a particularly strong inclination to engage with York Council to address the issue of pedestrians and cyclists crossing the ring road. Several residents suggested building an underpass or bridge to ensure the safe passage of pedestrians and cyclists across the A1237. As across other objectives a number of people chose not to respond to questions relating to development matters due to their opposition to future housing developments and concerns about developments on green belt land.

Figure 3 Objective 3: by response and preference



Objective 4: Deliver modest development that is sensitive to the environment, infrastructure constraints and improves the quality of life of all current and future residents.

The following table sets out the number of responses and percentage of responses for each of the proposed Objective 4 actions:

Draft objectives/plans		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	Response Count	No response
4.1	Ensure that any new development enables proportionate growth, does not exceed 10% of the current village size over the next 15 years, allows for gradual expansion and evolution of facilities and will not undermine the character of the Village.	13.0% (24)	4.3% (8)	5.9% (11)	20.0% (37)	56.8% (105)	100.0% (185)	(21)
4.2	Identify sites suitable for housing development. Proposals for new housing developments should adopt the approach to design, siting and layout that will be set out in the Plan. To achieve this, there will need to be a mix of sizes and costs with some new housing being affordable to local people.	17.6% (33)	5.3% (10)	10.7% (20)	32.6% (61)	33.7% (63)	100.0% (187)	(19)
4.3	Ensure any new housing broadens the range of stock available in the Village; the type and cost of new housing should meet the housing needs of the local area for now and into the future.	13.2% (25)	5.3% (10)	12.7% (24)	31.7% (60)	37.0% (70)	100.0% (189)	(17)
4.4	Ensure developers give consideration to any suitable brownfield sites before putting forward plans to build on open countryside.	5.9% (11)	1.1% (2)	5.9% (11)	16.0% (30)	71.1% (133)	100.0% (187)	(19)
4.5	Ensure any new development adds to the vitality of the community. Developers should demonstrate how their proposals would help to maintain a balanced community into the future.	8.8% (16)	0.0% (0)	10.4% (19)	31.3% (57)	49.5% (90)	100.0% (182)	(24)
4.6	Ensure any new development is not prominent in scale or significantly change the character of the village. It should reflect the type and quality of housing as that existing within the village.	9.1% (17)	1.6% (3)	7.5% (14)	22.5% (42)	59.4% (111)	100.0% (187)	(19)
4.7	Ensure any new development is of a height and appearance that does not adversely affect key distinctive views into and out of the village.	9.1% (17)	1.1% (2)	4.3% (8)	26.2% (49)	59.4% (111)	100.0% (187)	(19)
Residents comments (including any other detailed objectives or plans) (please specify)							91	
<i>answered question</i>							191	
<i>skipped question</i>							15	

4.1 Ensure that any new development enables proportionate growth, does not exceed 10% of the current village size over the next 15 years, allows for gradual expansion and evolution of facilities and will not undermine the character of the Village.

Around 77% (142) of those that responded to this action point agreed with the need to cap new development at 10% of the current village size over the next 15 years. Some 6% (11) were neutral; 17% (32) disagreed and 21 failed to respond, which may indicate a higher disagreement rate than reported. It is evident that this a very contentious subject and attracted the highest number of Objective 4 comments. The majority of comments were concerns about using the green belt for development purposes, a small number felt there was insufficient brownfield sites to accommodate the 10% expansion rate. There was support for small and modest development from some residents.

4.2 Identify sites suitable for housing development. Proposals for new housing developments should adopt the approach to design, siting and layout that will be set out in the Plan. To achieve this, there will need to be a mix of sizes and costs with some new housing being affordable to local people.

Around 66% (124) agreed with this action but it also attracted the least approval with 23% (43) disagreeing; 11% (20) were neutral and 19 chose not to respond. Those that were in agreement tended to be in favour of modest developments and several suggested a 5% expansion rate would be a more favourable option.

4.3 Ensure any new housing broadens the range of stock available in the village; the type and cost of new housing should meet the housing needs of the local area for now and into the future.

Around 69% (130) of responses agreed with this principle; 13% (24) were neutral and over 18% (25) disagreed. As in 4.2 a relatively high number (17) chose not to respond to this option.

4.4 Ensure developers give consideration to any suitable brownfield sites before putting forward plans to build on open countryside.

Around 87% (163) of responses agreed with this principle; 6% (11) were neutral and 7% (25) disagreed. This option received the most support and at 71% (133) the highest proportion of strongly agree responses. One respondent questioned whether there was sufficient brownfield land in the parish to support the housing target. A small number of respondents considered that there should be no development in the village including on brownfield sites.

4.5 Ensure any new development adds to the vitality of the community. Developers should demonstrate how their proposals would help to maintain a balanced community into the future.

Around 81% (147) of responses agreed with this statement; 10% (19) were neutral and 9% (16) disagreed. This option, however, received the highest number (24) of 'no responses' suggesting some possible disagreement with the proposal. One respondent commented that care needs to be taken over the definition of a 'balanced community'. Some concerns regarding the type of affordable housing were also raised.

4.6 Ensure any new development is not prominent in scale or significantly change the character of the village. It should reflect the type and quality of housing as that existing within the village.

Around 82% (153) of responses agreed with this statement; 8% (14) were neutral and 11% (20) disagreed and 19 no responses. One respondent stated *"we have agreed on the basis of any development on brownfield meeting this criteria"*. Another asked whether 4.6 should be two separate questions and went on to say *"we strongly agree with the statement about the character of the village but consider it is rather restricted. A more balanced mix including social housing and cheaper homes is desirable to redress the balance created by some of the previous developments."*

4.7 Ensure any new development is of a height and appearance that does not adversely affect key distinctive views into and out of the village.

Around 86% (160) of responses agreed with this statement; 4% (8) were neutral; 10% (19) disagreed and 19 failed to respond.

Summary

Figure 4 below shows that on the whole the majority of respondents are in favour of the proposed draft actions. Those in favour tended to prefer small scale non greenbelt developments. Typical comments were:

"Happy to see small scale development but not a massive housing estate."

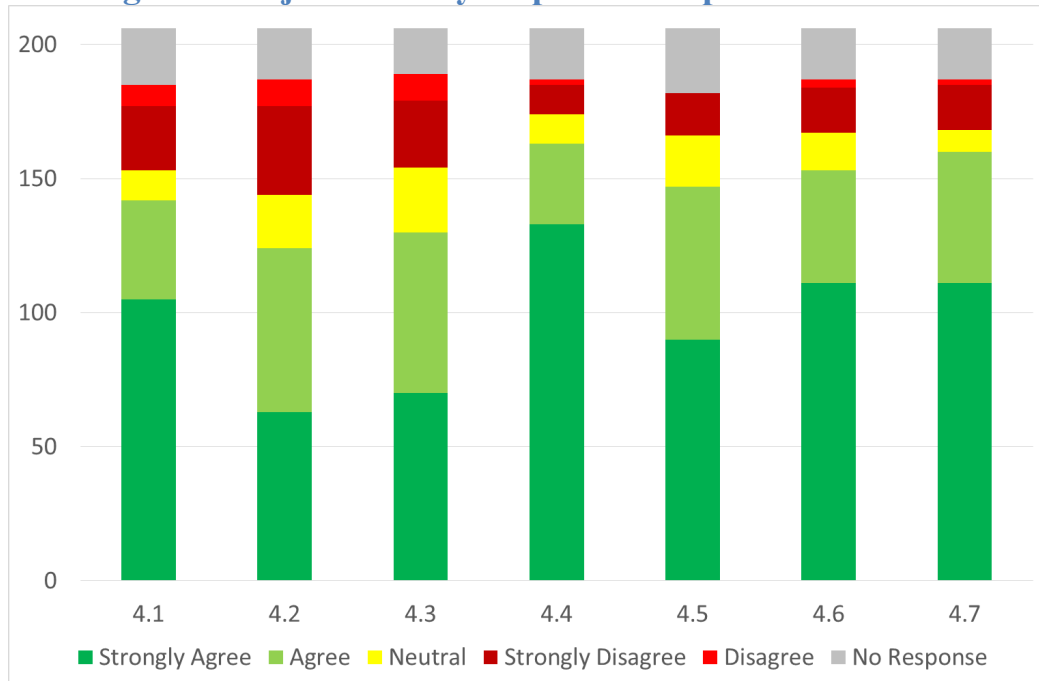
"We support modest development within the existing developed limits of the Parish i.e. infill, but there should NOT be any spread into the green belt at all."

"Happy to see some limited development in the Village. Totally disagree with the view that there should be absolutely no new development."

However, this particular objective is somewhat contentious to some residents who object to future housing developments especially on greenbelt land. A number of residents felt that the 10% over 15 years' target is too high and that there is insufficient brown field land available to achieve this requirement. Many respondents who share these views, chose not to leave a preference response as

they felt the actions are worded in favour of housing developments. Some residents stated they are in favour of modest developments, but preferably not at the expense of the greenbelt.

Figure 4 Objective 4: by response and preference



Objective 5: Maintain and improve local facilities for all residents.

The following table sets out the number of responses and percentage of responses for each of the proposed Objective 5 actions:

Draft objectives/plans		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	Response Count	No response
5.1	Engage with voluntary and community sectors to improve usage of existing facilities and identify areas for improving or adding to those facilities.	0.5% (1)	0.5% (1)	19.1% (38)	51.8% (103)	28.1% (56)	100.0% (199)	(7)
5.2	Understand the needs of young people and where funds allow extend facilities for them and ensure that their views are heard and addressed as far as possible.	0.5% (1)	2.5% (5)	16.0% (32)	49.5% (99)	31.5% (63)	100.0% (200)	(6)
5.3	Encourage members of the community to get involved in the activities of the Village.	1.0% (2)	1.0% (2)	20.7% (41)	49.5% (98)	27.8% (55)	100.0% (198)	(8)
5.4	Ensure any new housing/development identifies the impact on facilities and how the facilities can be enhanced to meet proposed growth. Where necessary, developers should also ensure that there is safe and easy access for residents from their site to local facilities and services.	9.6% (18)	1.1% (2)	5.9% (11)	41.5% (78)	42.0% (79)	100.0% (188)	(18)
5.5	Any new housing development must explore the economic viability of establishing community health facilities within the village.	12.9% (24)	4.3% (8)	17.2% (32)	26.3% (49)	39.2% (73)	100.0% (186)	(20)
Residents comments (including any other detailed objectives or plans)							68	
answered question							202	
skipped question							4	

5.1 Engage with voluntary and community sectors to improve usage of existing facilities and identify areas for improving or adding to those facilities.

Around 80% (159) of responses indicated agreement with this statement; 19% (38) were neutral and just 1% (2) disagreed. One respondent commented to only use existing buildings and another asked that any new facilities should cater for people with disabilities.

5.2 Understand the needs of young people and where funds allow extend facilities for them and ensure that their views are heard and addressed as far as possible.

There is strong support for engaging with young people with around 81% (162) of responses received agreeing with this statement; 16% (32) were neutral and just 3% (6) disagreed. One respondent *stated "The needs of young should be a priority. My experience is the young benefit the most from organised activities. Unsupervised open areas lead only to vandalism*

and social activity.” Another commented that “the pump track was taken away from young people without any discussion. There is no current provision for older children.”

5.3 Encourage members of the community to get involved in the activities of the Village.

Around 77% (153) of responses agreed to encouraging members of the community to be involved in village activities; 21% (41) were neutral and just 2% (4) disagreed. No specific comments regarding these activities were received.

5.4 Ensure any new housing/development identifies the impact on facilities and how the facilities can be enhanced to meet proposed growth. Where necessary, developers should also ensure that there is safe and easy access for residents from their site to local facilities and services.

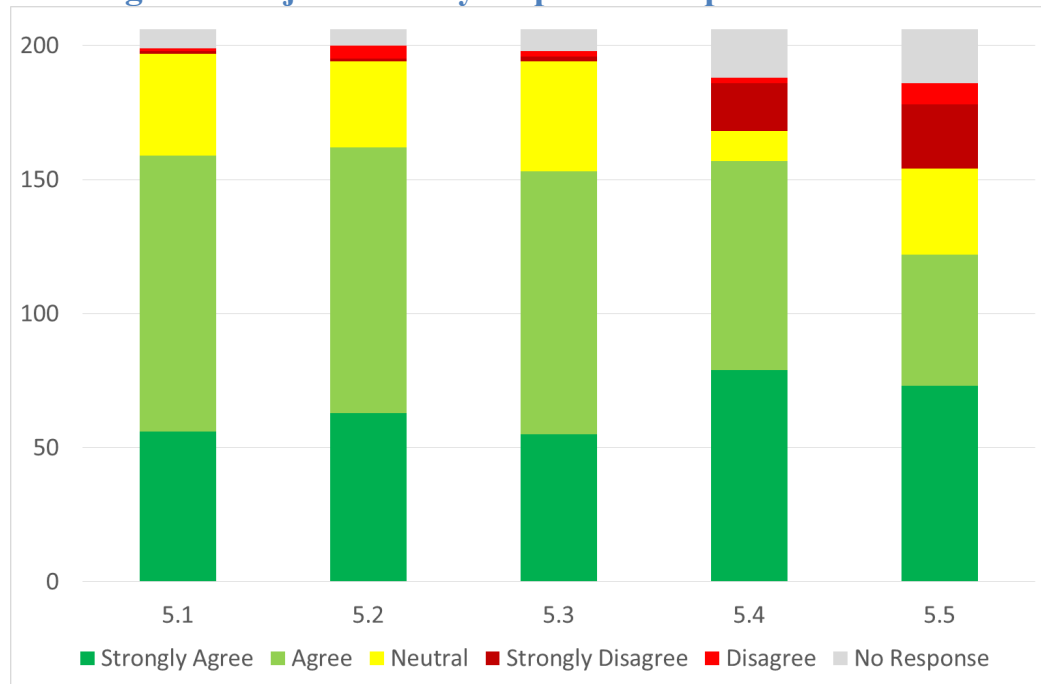
The majority (84%, (157)) of responses agreed with this measure; 6% (11) were neutral and 11% (20) disagreed. There were 18 no responses.

5.5 Any new housing development must explore the economic viability of establishing community health facilities within the village.

As reported in 5.4 fewer responses to this were received. It also had the lowest proportion of responses agreeing with this statement. Of those that did leave preferences to this proposed action, 66% (122) agreed; 17% (32) were neutral and 17% (32) disagreed. There were 20 non responses. Some respondents felt the area was already adequately served by health care providers and if development was minimal then extra services would not be required.

Summary

Figure 5 below shows that on the whole the vast majority of respondents are in favour of the proposed draft Objectives. Objectives 4 and 5 received the least number of responses as some respondents disagreed with the development elements of the actions especially if it involved green belt land, but the majority of the respondents supported these objectives. There is strong approval to engage with young people and ensure that facilities for the disabled are met.

Figure 5 Objective 5: by response and preference

Responses by Age Groups

To understand the level of age representation of households taking part in the survey, respondents were asked to indicate the number of residents per household by age group. When compared to the 2011 Census there is a slight under representation of households with those aged under 11 and between 25 and 44. There is a modest over representation of households aged 45+ which is to be expected in such surveys.

Age Group	Survey Responses	%	Census 2011 %	Diff
< 11	30	10.4	13.7	-3.3
12 - 17	29	9.7	9.0	0.7
18 - 24	22	6.7	5.6	1.1
25 - 44	46	14.5	19.2	-4.7
45 - 64	104	38.3	33.3	5.0
> 65	73	25.3	19.2	6.1
Total	184	100.0	100.0	0.0